

Core SQL Feature Summary

The following table lists all features included in Core SQL, from SQL-2003 to SQL-2016.

It also indicates if Mimer SQL supports a specific feature.

Feature	Feature Name	Mimer SQL	SQL- 2003	SQL- 2008	SQL- 2011	SQL- 2016
E011	Numeric data types	√	√	√	√	√
E011-01	INTEGER and SMALLINT data types (including all spellings)	√	√	√	√	√
E011-02	REAL, DOUBLE PRECISON, and FLOAT data types	√	√	√	√	√
E011-03	DECIMAL and NUMERIC data types	√	√	√	√	√
E011-04	Arithmetic operators	√	√	√	√	√
E011-05	Numeric comparison	√	√	√	√	√
E011-06	Implicit casting among the numeric data types	√	√	√	√	√
E021	Character string types	√	√	√	√	√
E021-01	CHARACTER data type (including all its spellings)	√	√	√	√	√
E021-02	CHARACTER VARYING data type (including all its spellings)	√	√	√	√	√
E021-03	Character literals	√	√	√	√	√
E021-04	CHARACTER_LENGTH function	√	√	√	√	√
E021-05	OCTET_LENGTH function	√	√	√	√	√
E021-06	SUBSTRING function	√	√	√	√	√
E021-07	Character concatenation	√	√	√	√	√
E021-08	UPPER and LOWER functions	√	√	√	√	√
E021-09	TRIM function	√	√	√	√	√
E021-10	Implicit casting among the fixed-length and variable-length character string types	√	√	√	√	√
E021-11	POSITION function	√	√	√	√	√
E021-12	Character comparison	√	√	√	√	√
E031	Identifiers	√	√	√	√	√
E031-01	Delimited identifiers	√	√	√	√	√
E031-02	Lower case identifiers	√	√	√	√	√
E031-03	Trailing underscore	√	√	√	√	√
E051	Basic query specification	√	√	√	√	√
E051-01	SELECT DISTINCT	√	√	√	√	√
E051-02	GROUP BY clause	√	√	√	√	√
E051-04	GROUP BY can contain columns not in <select-list></select-list>	√	√	√	√	√
E051-05	Select list items can be renamed	√	√	√	√	√
E051-06	HAVING clause	√	√	√	√	√
E051-07	Qualified * in select list	√	√	√	√	√
E051-08	Correlation names in the FROM clause	√	√	√	√	√
E051-09	Rename columns in the FROM clause	√	√	√	√	√
E061	Basic predicates and search conditions	√	√	√	√	√
E061-01	Comparison predicate	√	√	√	√	√
E061-02	BETWEEN predicate	√	√	√	√	√
E061-03	IN predicate with list of values	√	√	√	√	√
E061-04	LIKE predicate	√	√	√	√	√
E061-05	LIKE predicate: ESCAPE clause	√	√	√	√	√
E061-06	NULL predicate	√	√	√	√	√
E061-07	Quantified comparison predicate	√	√	√	√	√
E061-08	EXISTS predicate	√	√	√	√	√
E061-09	Subqueries in comparison predicate	√	√	√	√	√
E061-11	Subqueries in IN predicate	√	√	√	√	√
E061-12	Subqueries in quantified comparison predicate	√	√	√	√	√

E061-13	Correlated subgularies	√	√	√	√	√
E061-13	Correlated subqueries		V √	V √	√ V	V
-	Search condition	√				
E071	Basic query expressions	√	√	√ /	√	√
E071-01	UNION DISTINCT table operator	√	√	√ /	√	√ /
E071-02	UNION ALL table operator	√	√	√ /	√ /	√
E071-03	EXCEPT DISTINCT table operator	√	√ /	√ /	√ /	√
E071-05	Columns combined via table operators need not have exactly the same data type	√	√	√	√ .	√
E071-06	Table operators in subqueries	√)	√	√	√	√
E081	Basic Privileges	√	√	√	√	√
E081-01	SELECT privilege at the table level	√	√	√	√	√
E081-02	DELETE privilege	√	√	√	√	√
E081-03	INSERT privilege at the table level	√	√	√	√	√
E081-04	UPDATE privilege at the table level	√	√	√	√	√
E081-05	UPDATE privilege at the column level	√	√	√	√	√
E081-06	REFERENCES privilege at the table level	√	√	√	√	√
E081-07	REFERENCES privilege at the column level	√	√	√	√	√
E081-08	WITH GRANT OPTION	√	√	√	√	√
E081-09	USAGE privilege	√	√	√	√	√
E081-10	EXECUTE privilege	√	√	√	√	√
E091	Set functions	√	√	√	√	√
E091-01	AVG	√	√	√	√	√
E091-02	COUNT	√	√	√	√	√
E091-03	MAX	√	√	√	√	√
E091-04	MIN	√	√	√	√	√
E091-05	SUM	√	√	√	√	√
E091-06	ALL quantifier	√	√	√	√	√
E091-07	DISTINCT quantifier	√	√	√	√	√
E101	Basic data manipulation	√	√	√	√	√
E101-01	INSERT statement	√	√	√	√	√
E101-03	Searched UPDATE statement	√	√	√	√	√
E101-04	Searched DELETE statement	√	√	√	√	√
E111	Single row SELECT statement	√	√	√	√	√
E121	Basic cursor support	√	√	√	√	√
E121-01	DECLARE CURSOR	√	√	√	√	√
E121-02	ORDER BY columns need not be in select list	√	√	√	√	√
E121-03	Value expressions in ORDER BY clause	√	√	√	√	√
E121-04	OPEN statement	√		√	√	
E121-06	Positioned UPDATE statement	√	√	√	√	
E121-07	Positioned DELETE statement	√		√	√	
E121-08	CLOSE statement	√	√	√	√	√
E121-10	FETCH statement: implicit NEXT	√	√	√	√	√
E121-17	WITH HOLD cursors	√	√	√	√	√
E131	Null value support (nulls in lieu of values)	√	√	√	√	√
E141	Basic integrity constraints	√	√	· √	√	
E141-01	NOT NULL constraints		√	√ √	√ √	\ \
E141-02	UNIQUE constraints of NOT NULL columns		√	√	\ \	V
E141-03	PRIMARY KEY constraints	√ √	\ \ \	√	\ \	\ \
	Basic FOREIGN KEY constraint with the NO ACTION default for both referential delete					
E141-04	action and referential update action	√	√	√	√	√
E141-06	CHECK constraints	√	√	√	√	√
E141-07	Column defaults	√	√	√	√	√
E141-08	NOT NULL inferred on PRIMARY KEY	√	√	√	√	√
E141-10	Names in a foreign key can be specified in any order	√	√	√	√	√
E151	Transaction support	√	√	√	√	√
E151-01	COMMIT statement	√	√	√	√	√
E151-02	ROLLBACK statement	√	√	√	√	√
		√	√	√	√	√

E152-01	SET TRANSACTION statement: ISOLATION LEVEL SERIALIZABLE clause	√	√	√	√	√
E152-02	SET TRANSACTION statement: READ ONLY and READ WRITE clauses	√		· √	_ ·	· √
E153	Updatable queries with subqueries	√	√	√	· √	√
E161	SQL comments using leading double minus	√	√	√	√	√
E171	SQLSTATE support	√	√			√
E182	Host language Binding (previously "Module Language") NOTE-1)	√	√	√		√
F021	Basic information schema	√		√		√
F021-01	COLUMNS view		√	· √	√ V	√
F021-02	TABLES view	√	√	√	√	√
F021-03	VIEWS view	√	√	√	√	√
F021-04	TABLE_CONSTRAINTS view	√	√	√	√	√
F021-05	REFERENTIAL_CONSTRAINTS view	√	√	√	√	√
F021-06	CHECK_CONSTRAINTS view	√	√	√	√	√
F031	Basic schema manipulation	√	√	√	√	√
F031-01	CREATE TABLE statement to create persistent base tables	√	√	√	√	√
F031-02	CREATE VIEW statement	√	√	√	√	√
F031-03	GRANT statement	√	√	√	√	√
F031-04	ALTER TABLE statement: ADD COLUMN clause	√	√	√	√	√
F031-13	DROP TABLE statement: RESTRICT clause	√	√	√	√	√
F031-16	DROP VIEW statement: RESTRICT clause	√	√	√	√	√
F031-19	REVOKE statement: RESTRICT clause	√	√	√	√	√
F041	Basic joined table	√	√	√	√	√
F041-01	Inner join (but not necessarily the INNER keyword)	√	√	√	√	√
F041-02	INNER keyword	√	√	√	√	√
F041-03	LEFT OUTER JOIN	√	√	√	√	√
F041-04	RIGHT OUTER JOIN	√	√		√	√
F041-05	Outer joins can be nested	√	√	√	√	√
F041-07	The inner table in a left or right outer join can also be used in an inner join	√	√	√	√	√
F041-08	All comparison operators are supported (rather than just =)	√	√	√	√	√
F051	Basic date and time	√	√	√	√	√
F051-01	DATE data type (including support of DATE literal)	√	√	√	√	√
F051-02	TIME data type (including support of TIME literal) with fractional seconds precision of at least 0	√	√	√	√	√
F051-03	TIMESTAMP data type (including support of TIMESTAMP literal) with fractional seconds precision of at least 0 and 6	√	√	✓	√	√
F051-04	Comparison predicate on DATE, TIME, and TIMESTAMP data types	√	√	√	√	√
F051-05	Explicit CAST between datetime types and character string types	√	√	√	√	√
F051-06	CURRENT_DATE	√	√	√	√	√
F051-07	LOCALTIME	√	√	√	√	√
F051-08	LOCALTIMESTAMP	√	√	√	√	√
F081	UNION and EXCEPT in views	√	√	√	√	√
F131	Grouped operations	√ /	√	√	√	√
F131-01	WHERE, GROUP BY, and HAVING clauses supported in queries with grouped views	√ /	√ /	√	√	√
F131-02	Multiple tables supported in queries with grouped views	√	√	√	√	√
F131-03	Set functions supported in queries with grouped views	√ /	√ 	√ /	√ /	√
F131-04	Subqueries with GROUP BY and HAVING clauses and grouped views	√	√ -/	√ ./	√ ./	√ ./
F131-05	Single row SELECT with GROUP BY and HAVING clauses and grouped views NOTE-2)	√ -/	√	√ ./	√ ./	√ ./
F181	Multiple module support NOTE-2)	√ /	√	√	√	√
F201	CAST function NOTE-3)	√	√	√	√	√
F221	Explicit defaults NOTE-4)	√	√	√	√	√
F261	CASE expression	√	√	√	√	√
F261-01	Simple CASE	√	√	√	√	√
F261-02	Searched CASE	√	√	√	√	√
F261-03	NULLIF	√	√	√	√	√
F261-04	COALESCE	√ /	√ /	√	√	√
F311	Schema definition statement	√	√	√	√	√ ,
F311-01	CREATE SCHEMA	√	√	√	√	√

CREATE TABLE for persistent base tables	√	√	√	√	√
CREATE VIEW	√	√	√	√	√
CREATE VIEW: WITH CHECK OPTION	√	√	√	√	√
GRANT statement	√	√	√	√	√
Scalar subquery values	√	√	√	√	√
Expanded NULL predicate	√	√	√	√	√
Features and conformance views	√	√	√	√	√
SQL_FEATURES view	√	√	√	√	√
SQL_SIZING view	√	√	√	√	√
SQL_LANGUAGES view	√	√	√	√	√
Basic flagging NOTE-5)	√	√	√	√	√
Distinct data types		√	√	√	√
USER_DEFINED_TYPES view	√	√	√	√	√
Basic SQL-invoked routines NOTE-6)	√	√	√	√	√
User-defined functions with no overloading	√	√	√	√	√
User-defined stored procedures with no overloading	√	√	√	√	√
Function invocation	√	√	√	√	√
CALL statement	√	√	√	√	√
RETURN statement	√	√	√	√	√
ROUTINES view	√	√	√	√	√
PARAMETERS view	√	√	√	√	√
IN predicate with one list element	√	√	√	√	√
	CREATE VIEW CREATE VIEW: WITH CHECK OPTION GRANT statement Scalar subquery values Expanded NULL predicate Features and conformance views SQL_FEATURES view SQL_SIZING view SQL_LANGUAGES view Basic flagging NOTE-5) Distinct data types USER_DEFINED_TYPES view Basic SQL-invoked routines NOTE-6) User-defined functions with no overloading User-defined stored procedures with no overloading Function invocation CALL statement RETURN statement ROUTINES view PARAMETERS view	CREATE VIEW CREATE VIEW: WITH CHECK OPTION GRANT statement V Scalar subquery values Expanded NULL predicate Features and conformance views V SQL_FEATURES view V SQL_LANGUAGES view V Basic flagging NOTE-5) Distinct data types USER_DEFINED_TYPES view V Basic SQL-invoked routines NOTE-6) V User-defined stored procedures with no overloading V CALL statement V RETURN statement V ROUTINES view V PARAMETERS view V V V V V V V V V V V V V	CREATE VIEW CREATE VIEW: WITH CHECK OPTION GRANT statement Scalar subquery values Expanded NULL predicate V Features and conformance views SQL_FEATURES view SQL_SIZING view SQL_LANGUAGES view V Distinct data types USER_DEFINED_TYPES view V Basic SQL-invoked routines NOTE-6) User-defined functions with no overloading V V CALL statement CALL statement RETURN statement V V V V V V V V V V V V V	CREATE VIEW V V V CREATE VIEW: WITH CHECK OPTION V V V GRANT statement V V V Scalar subquery values V V V Expanded NULL predicate V V V Features and conformance views V V V SQL_FEATURES view V V V SQL_SIZING view V V V SQL_LANGUAGES view V V V Basic flagging NOTE-5) V V V Distinct data types V V V USER_DEFINED_TYPES view V V V Basic SQL-invoked routines NOTE-6) V V V User-defined functions with no overloading V V V User-defined stored procedures with no overloading V V V Function invocation V V V V CALL statement V V V V	CREATE VIEW

NOTE-1) An SQL-implementation is required to supply at least one binding to a standard host language using either module language, embedded SQL, or both. This can be through the support of any of the features B011 through B117.

NOTE-2) The ability to associate multiple host compilation units with a single SQL-session at one time.

NOTE-3) This means the support of CAST, where relevant, among all supported data types.

NOTE-4) Including its use in UPDATE and INSERT statements.

NOTE-5) This form of flagging identifies vendor extensions and other non-standard SQL by checking syntax only without requiring access to the catalog information.

NOTE-6) "Routine" is the collective term for functions, methods, and procedures. This feature requires a conforming SQL-implementation to support both user-defined functions and user-defined procedures. An SQL-implementation that conforms to Core SQL shall support at least one language for writing routines; that language may be SQL. If the language is SQL, then the basic specification capability in Core SQL is the ability to specify a one-statement routine. Support for overloaded functions and procedures is not part of Core SQL